

# CULTURAL HERITAGE OF TURKEY



# Istanbul

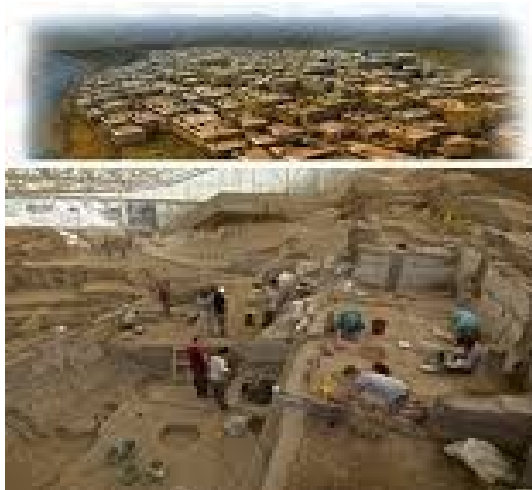
Because of its size, Istanbul extends into both Europe and Asia. The city is the world's only metropolis to be on more than one continent.



# CATALHOYUKWORLD'S OLDEST TOWN

Çatalhöyük (30 miles southeast of Konya in Turkey) is widely accepted as being the world's oldest village or town. Established around 7500 B.C

According to UNESCO:  
“Çatalhöyük is a very rare example of a well-preserved Neolithic settlement and has been considered one of the key sites for understanding human Prehistory for some decades.



# The Temple Of Artemis

The Temple of Artemis is a replica of the building that was one of the original Seven Wonders of the World.

LOCATED IN Eagean  
Region.City of  
İzmir.



# Gobekli Tepe - the World's First Temple?

Göbeklitepe  
preserves its mystery  
as one of the most  
important discoveries  
in the history of  
archaeology

Göbeklitepe is the  
oldest known temple  
in human history

Göbeklitepe was  
included in the  
UNESCO World  
Heritage List in 2018



# DİVRİĞİ GRAND MOSQUE

Divriği Grand Mosque and Darussalam is our architectural structure which is the first UNESCO World Heritage Site in Turkey.

It is the decorated mosque and hospital complex built in 1228–1229 by the local dynasty of the [Mengujekids](#) in the small [Anatolian](#) town of [Divriği](#), now in [Sivas](#) [Province](#), Turkey



# GÖREME NATIONAL PARK AND CAPPADOCIA

Goreme National Park and the Rock Sites of Cappadocia have some of the most mysterious and extraordinary natural landscapes in the world. This site contains superlative phenomena or areas of exceptional natural beauty and aesthetic importance.

Goreme National Park and the Rock Sites of Cappadocia, added to the UNESCO World Heritage List in 1985 on natural and cultural criteria art.



# HATTUŞAŞ

## ANCIENT CITY

Hattusa, located in Türkiye's Anatolian heartland province of Corum, is definitely worth visiting. The remnants of the Hittite Capital date back to the Bronze Age, around 2000 BC. The site was added to the UNESCO World Heritage list in 1986.





# NEMRUT MOUNTAIN

The summit of Mount Nemrut homes to one of Turkey`s most iconic sights. Located on the eastern Taurus mountain range, the magnificent historical site is the 8th Wonder of the World, bearing the most valuable monuments of the Kingdom of Commagene. UNESCO has inscribed Mount Nemrut on the UNESCO World Heritage List in 1987; it also named the site the 8th Wonder of the World.



# SELİMİYE MOSQUE

The **mosque** was commissioned by Sultan Selim II, and was built by the imperial architect Mimar Sinan between 1568 and 1575. It was considered by Sinan to be his masterpiece and is one of the highest achievements of Islamic architecture and Ottoman architecture. It was added as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 2011.



# ANCIENT CITY OF TRUVA

Troy is one of the prominent treasures of the world cultural heritage due to the archaeological findings and through the legends forming the subject matter of the most important epic of the classical antiquity. Experience the main roots of civilizations.



# SAFRANBOLU

**Safranbolu** is a town boasting a glorious collection of old Ottoman houses, with a rich collection of pieces of art which represents traditional Turkish life and culture. Its rich history and success in preserving it earned the town an inclusion on the UNESCO World Heritage List.



## **EFES ANCIENT CITY**

Ephesus, which is one of the most iconic symbols of Turkey, is also one of the most majestic ancient cities in the world. The ancient city of Ephesus, considered as a monument of all time, is located 3 km west of Selcuk town, Izmir.



# ANI ANCIENT RUINS

Archaeological Site of Ani, known as Ani Ruins is located in the northeast of Turkey, 42 km from the city of Kars on the Silk Road, on a secluded triangular plateau overlooking a deep narrow valley that forms the natural border with Armenia.

